

Quinaldic acid Monoclonal Antibody

Ref: IS004

Our anti-Quinaldic acid antibody is a mouse monoclonal antibody, which was validated for immunohistochemistry (IHC) and immufluorescence (IF) in paraffin-embedded tissues from human caudate-putamen region.

Clonality	Monoclonal antibody (clone 5A4-H10)
Host	Mouse
Valided applications	IHC / IF
Reactivity	Reacts with all species
References	Not yet cited to our knowledge Submit content and get a 10% discount!
Format	50μL



INFORMATIONS

Product overview	
Product name	Quinaldic acid antibody
Synonyms	2-Quinolinecarboxylic acid antibody Quinolin-2-carboxylate acid antibody
Immunogen	Conjugated Quinaldic acid
Isotype	lgG1 k chain
Clone	clone 5A4-H10
Specificity	When tested in competitive ELISA, the anti-Quinaldic acid antibody did not show any significant cross reactivity with Kynurenic and Xanthurenic acid conjugates
Storage	
Form	Liquid
Purity	Purified IgG
Concentration	0,5mg/ml
Storage	Store at +4°C for short term (1-2 months). Aliquot and store at -20°C for long term. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.
Material safety datasheet	Download MSDS



PROTOCOLS

Immunohistochemistry (IHC)	Dilute at 1:200-1:2000. Perform heat antigen retrieval (pH=6) before initiating IHC staining protocol on paraffin-embedded and frozen sections
Immunofluorescence (IF)	Dilute at 1:100-1:1000 on paraffin-embedded and frozen sections. Before staining, perform heat antigen retrieval
Comments	Optimal working dilutions must be determined by the end-user
Restrictions	For research use only

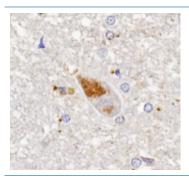
REFERENCES

Antibody not yet cited. Submit an article and get a 10% discount.

Selected publication on Quinaldic acid

• Liu SY1, Zhang RL, Kang H, Fan ZJ, Du Z. Human liver tissue metabolic profiling research on hepatitis B virus-related hepatocellular carcinoma. World J Gastroenterol. 2013 Jun 14;19(22):3423-32. doi: 10.3748/wjg.v19.i22.3423.

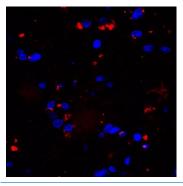
Product pictures



Quinaldic acid detection by IHC in human brain

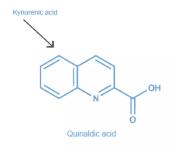
Immunohistochemical analysis of human caudate putamen reveals Quinaldic acid accumulation in the cytoplasm of glial cells. Paraffin-embedded tissue was subjected to pH=6 antigen retrieval followed by overnight incubation with primary anti-Quinaldic antibody (dilution 1/1000). After incubation with polymer conjugated secondary Ab, staining visualization was performed with DAB.





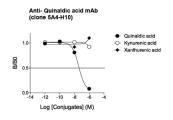
Quinaldic acid detection by IF in human brain

Quinaldic acid visualization by immunofluorescence in human caudate putamen. Staining illustrates cytoplasmic accumulation of Quinaldic acid in glial cells. Paraffinembedded tissue section was subjected to pH=6.



Quinaldic acid

Despite growing interest on the role of kynurenines in immune regulation and neurotransmission, very few publications address the biological activity of Quinaldic acid, the direct by-product of neuroprotective kynurenic acid. In the 1970's, Quinaldic acid was described as a key regulator of glycemia. More recently, this kynurenine metabolite was found to be associated with hepatitis B virus-related hepatocellular carcinoma.



Affinity & Specificity of anti-Quinaldic acid antibody

Competitive ELISA demonstrates that moderate amounts of Quinaldic acid conjugate are required to abolish antigen-antibody reaction (satisfying affinity), while rising concentrations of Kynurenic and Xanthurenic acid conjugates do not affect the reaction (high specificity).

Contact information

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To order, review, ask for technical support, visit product page at:

https://www.immusmol.com/shop/quinaldic-acid-mab/