

Instructions for use
Kynurenic acid ELISA

REF

IS I-0200R



RUO

96

1. Intended use and principle of the test

Enzyme Immunoassay for the quantitative determination of Kynurenic acid in serum samples.

After extraction and derivatization Kynurenic acid is quantitatively determined by ELISA.

The competitive ELISA uses the microtiter plate format. The antigen is bound to the solid phase of the microtiter plate. The processed standards, controls and samples and the solid phase bound analyte compete for a fixed number of antiserum binding sites. When the system is in equilibrium, free antigen and free antigen-antiserum complexes are removed by washing. The antibody bound to the solid phase is detected by an anti-rabbit IgG-peroxidase conjugate using TMB as a substrate. The reaction is monitored at 450 nm.

Quantification of unknown samples is achieved by comparing their absorbance with a reference curve prepared with known standards.

2. Procedural cautions, guidelines, warnings and limitations

2.1 Procedural cautions, guidelines and warnings

- (1) This kit is intended for professional use only. Users should have a thorough understanding of this protocol for the successful use of this kit. Only the test instruction provided with the kit is valid and has to be used to run the assay. Reliable performance will only be attained by strict and careful adherence to the instructions provided.
- (2) This assay was validated for certain types of samples as indicated in *Intended Use* (please refer to Chapter 1). Any off-label use of this kit is in the responsibility of the user and the manufacturer cannot be held liable.
- (3) The principles of Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) have to be followed.
- (4) In order to reduce exposure to potentially harmful substances, wear lab coats, disposable protective gloves and protective glasses where necessary.
- (5) All kit reagents and specimens should be brought to room temperature and mixed gently but thoroughly before use. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing of reagents and specimens.
- (6) For dilution or reconstitution purposes, use deionized, distilled or ultra-pure water.
- (7) The microplate contains snap-off strips. Unused wells must be stored at 2 °C to 8 °C in the sealed foil pouch with desiccant and used in the frame provided.
- (8) Duplicate determination of sample is highly recommended to be able to identify potential pipetting errors.
- (9) Once the test has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Make sure that the required reagents, materials and devices are prepared ready at the appropriate time.
- (10) Incubation times do influence the results. All wells should be handled in the same order and time intervals.
- (11) To avoid cross-contamination of reagents, use new disposable pipette tips for dispensing each reagent, sample, standard and control.
- (12) A standard curve must be established for each run.
- (13) The controls should be included in each run and fall within established confidence limits. The confidence limits are listed in the QC-Report.
- (14) Do not mix kit components with different lot numbers within a test and do not use reagents beyond expiry date as shown on the kit labels.
- (15) Avoid contact with Extraction reagent, Extraction wash buffer and Stop Solution containing acid solutions. It may cause skin irritation and burns. In case of contact with eyes or skin, rinse off immediately with water.
- (16) TMB substrate has an irritant effect on skin and mucosa. In case of possible contact, wash eyes with an abundant volume of water and skin with soap and abundant water. Wash contaminated objects before reusing them.
- (17) For information on hazardous substances included in the kit please refer to Safety Data Sheet (SDS). The Safety Data Sheet for this product is made available directly on the website of the manufacturer or upon request.
- (18) The expected reference values reported in this test instruction are only indicative. It is recommended that each laboratory establishes its own reference intervals.
- (19) The results obtained with this test kit should not be taken as the sole reason for any therapeutic consequence but have to be correlated to other diagnostic tests and clinical observations.
- (20) Kit reagents must be regarded as hazardous waste and disposed of according to national regulations.

2.2 Limitations

Any inappropriate handling of samples or modification of this test might influence the results.



Samples containing precipitates or fibrin strands or which are haemolytic or lipemic might cause inaccurate results.

3. Storage and stability

Store the unopened reagents at 2 - 8 °C until expiration date. Do not use components beyond the expiry date indicated on the kit labels. Once opened the reagents are stable for 1 month when stored at 2 - 8 °C. Once the resealable pouch has been opened, care should be taken to close it tightly with desiccant again.

4. Materials

4.1 Contents of the kit


- BA D-0090** **FOILS** **Adhesive Foil** - Ready to use
Contents: Adhesive Foils in a resealable pouch
Volume: 1 x 4 foils
- BA R-8318** **EXTRACT-PLATE 96** **Extraction Plate** - Ready to use
Contents: 1 x 96 well plate, in a resealable pouch
- BA E-0030** **WASH-CONC 50x** **ELISA Wash Buffer Concentrate** - Concentrated 50x
Contents: Buffer with a non-ionic detergent and physiological pH
Volume: 1 x 20 mL/vial, light purple cap
- BA E-0040** **CONJUGATE** **Enzyme Conjugate** - Ready to use
Contents: Goat anti-rabbit immunoglobulins conjugated with peroxidase
Volume: 1 x 12 mL/vial, red cap
- BA E-0055** **SUBSTRATE** **Substrate** - Ready to use
Contents: Chromogenic substrate containing tetramethylbenzidine, substrate buffer and hydrogen peroxide
Volume: 1 x 12 mL/black vial, black cap
- BA E-0080** **STOP-SOLN** **Stop Solution** - Ready to use
Contents: 0.25 M sulfuric acid
Volume: 1 x 12 mL/vial, light grey cap
Hazards identification: 
H290 May be corrosive to metals.
- IS I-0231** **KYNA** **Kynurenic acid Microtiter Strips** - Ready to use
Contents: 1 x 96 well (12x8) antigen precoated microwell plate in a resealable pouch with desiccant
- IS I-0210** **AS KYNA CONC 2x** **Kynurenic acid Antiserum Concentrate** - Concentrated 2x
Contents: Rabbit anti-kynurenic acid antibody, blue coloured
Volume: 1 x 7 mL/vial, blue cap
- IS I-0211** **AS KYNA DILUENT** **Kynurenic acid Antiserum Diluent** - Ready to use
Volume: 1 x 7 mL/vial, orange cap
- IS I-0212** **EXTRACT-REAG** **Extraction Reagent** - Ready to use
Contents: Buffer with acidic pH
Volume: 1 x 4 mL/vial, dark green cap
Hazards identification: 
H290 May be corrosive to metals.
- IS I-0213** **EXTRACT-WASH** **Extraction Wash Buffer** - Ready to use
Contents: Buffer with acidic pH
Volume: 1 x 35 mL/vial, white cap

IS I-0214 **CLEAN-BUFF** **Cleaning Buffer** - Ready to use

Contents: Buffer with acidic pH
 Volume: 1 x 35 mL/vial, light yellow cap

IS I-0216 **ASSAY-BUFF** **Assay Buffer** - Ready to use

Contents: Buffer with acidic pH
 Volume: 1 x 35 mL/vial, dark blue cap

Hazards identification: 

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

IS I-0215 **ACYL-REAG** **Acylation Reagent** - Lyophilized

Volume: 3 vials, dark green cap

BA E-2211 **ACYL-BUFF** **Acylation Buffer** - Ready to use

Contents: 2-(N-Morpholino)ethanesulfonic acid (MES) buffer
 Volume: 2 x 30 mL/vial, brown cap

Standards and Controls - Ready to use

Cat. no.	Component	Colour/Cap	Concentration ng/mL	Concentration nmol/L	Volume/Vial
IS I-0201	STANDARD A	white	0	0	4 mL
IS I-0202	STANDARD B	light yellow	1.89	10	4 mL
IS I-0203	STANDARD C	orange	4.73	25	4 mL
IS I-0204	STANDARD D	dark blue	11.82	62,5	4 mL
IS I-0205	STANDARD E	light grey	29.51	156	4 mL
IS I-0206	STANDARD F	black	73.97	391	4 mL
IS I-0251	CONTROL 1	light green	Refer to QC-Report for expected value and acceptable range!		4 mL
IS I-0252	CONTROL 2	dark red			4 mL

Conversion: Kynurenic acid (ng/mL) x 5.286 = Kynurenic acid (nmol/L)

Contents: Buffer with non-mercury stabilizer, spiked with defined quantity of Kynurenic acid

4.2 Additional materials and equipment required but not provided in the kit

- Calibrated precision pipettes to dispense volumes between 10 – 300 µL; 15 mL; 6 mL
- Microtiter plate washing device (manual, semi-automated or automated)
- ELISA reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm and if possible 620 - 650 nm
- Microtiter plate shaker (shaking amplitude 3 mm; approx. 600 rpm)
- Absorbent material (paper towel)
- Water (deionized, distilled or ultra-pure)
- Vortex mixer
- 15mL polypropylene tube

5. Sample collection and storage**Serum**

Collect blood by venipuncture (Monovette™ or Vacurette™ for serum), allow to clot, and separate serum by centrifugation according to manufacturer's instructions. Do not centrifuge before complete clotting has occurred. Patients receiving anticoagulant therapy may require increased clotting time.

Haemolytic and lipemic samples should not be used for the assay.

Storage: up to 48 hours at 2 - 8 °C, for longer period (up to 6 month) at -20 °C.

Repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided.

6. Test procedure

Allow all reagents and samples to reach room temperature and mix thoroughly by gentle inversion before use. Duplicate determinations are recommended. It is recommended to number the strips of the microwell plate before usage to avoid any mix-up.

The binding of the antisera and of the enzyme conjugate and the activity of the enzyme are temperature dependent, and the absorbance values may vary if a thermostat is not used. The higher the temperature, the higher the extinction values will be. Corresponding variations also apply to the incubation times. The optimal temperature during the Enzyme Immunoassay is between 20 – 25 °C.

6.1 Preparation of reagents

ELISA Wash Buffer

Dilute the 20 mL Wash Buffer Concentrated with water (deionized, distilled or ultra-pure) to a final volume of 1000 mL.

Storage: 1 month at 2 – 8 °C

Acylation Reagent

Reconstitute 1 vial of Acylation reagent – just before use – with 15 mL of Acylation Buffer. Vortex mix until the Acylation Reagent has dissolved completely.

Once prepared, this solution is not stable and can not be re-used.

KYNA Antiserum (AS KYNA)

Calculate the required amount of KYNA Antiserum and prepare – just before use – by mixing equal volumes (1:1) of AS KYNA CONC 2X with AS KYNA DILUENT in a polypropylene tube.

Once prepared, this solution is not stable and can not be re-used.

6.2 Extraction

1.	Pipette 300 µL of Assay Buffer into all wells of the Extraction plate. Incubate the plate for 5 min at RT on a shaker (approx. 500 rpm). Empty plate and blot dry by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
2.	Pipette 25 µL of the Extraction Reagent to all wells of the Extraction plate .
3.	Add 50 µL of the standards, controls and samples into the appropriate wells of the Extraction plate .
4.	Cover the plate with Adhesive Foil and incubate 1h at RT on a shaker (approx. 500 rpm).

6.3 Derivatization

1.	Remove the foil. Discard the contents of the wells. Wash the Extraction plate 1 x by adding 300 µL of Cleaning buffer , discarding the content and blotting dry by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
2.	In a second time, wash the Extraction plate 1 x by adding 300 µL of Extraction Wash buffer , discarding the content and blotting dry by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
3.	Pipette 140 µL of the Acylation Reagent (refer to 6.1.) into all wells and mix shortly.
4.	Cover the plate with Adhesive foil and incubate 90 min at 37°C .
5.	Use 50 µL for the ELISA!

6.4 Kynurenic acid ELISA

1.	Mix by stirring on a shaker 2 min at 500 rpm to homogenize the medium before pipetting.
2.	Pipette 50 µL of the prepared standards, controls and samples into the appropriate wells of the Kynurenic acid Microtiter Strips .
3.	Pipette 100 µL of the KYNA Antiserum (refer to 6.1.) into all wells and mix shortly.
4.	Cover the plate with Adhesive Foil and incubate for 15 – 20 h (overnight) at 2 – 8 °C .
5.	Remove the foil. Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells. Wash the plate 4 x by adding 300 µL of ELISA Wash Buffer , discarding the content and blotting dry each time by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
6.	Pipette 100 µL of the Enzyme Conjugate into all wells.
7.	Incubate for 30 min at RT (20 – 25 °C) on a shaker (approx. 500 rpm).
8.	Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells. Wash the plate 4 x by adding 300 µL of ELISA Wash Buffer , discarding the content and blotting dry each time by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
9.	Pipette 100 µL of the Substrate into all wells and incubate for 20 - 30 min at RT (20 – 25 °C) on a shaker (approx. 500 rpm). Avoid exposure to direct sunlight!

10. Add **100 µL** of the **Stop Solution** to each well and shake the microtiter plate to ensure a homogeneous distribution of the solution.
11. **Read the absorbance** of the solution in the wells within 10 minutes, using a microplate reader set to **450 nm** (if available a reference wavelength between 620 nm and 650 nm is recommended).

7. Calculation of results

Measuring range	Kynurenic acid
	10 – 391 nM

The calibration curve is obtained by plotting the absorbance readings (calculate the mean absorbance) of the standards (linear, y-axis) against the corresponding standard concentrations (logarithmic, x-axis). Use non-linear regression for curve fitting (e.g. spline, 4-parameter, akima).

⚠ *This assay is a competitive assay. This means: the OD-values are decreasing with increasing concentrations of the analyte. OD-values found below the standard curve correspond to high concentrations of the analyte in the sample.*

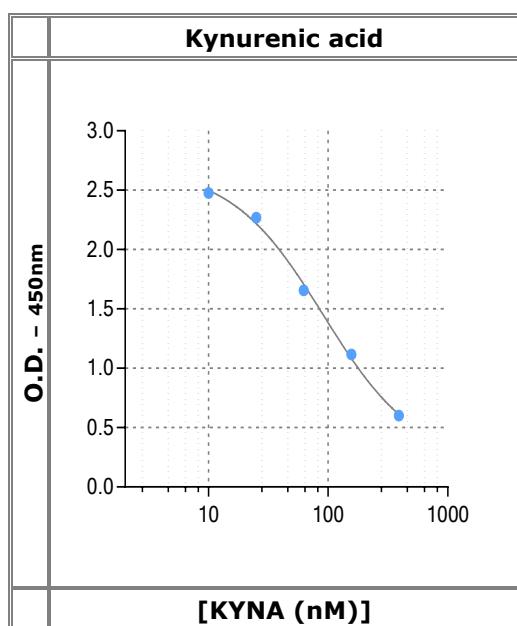
The concentrations of the samples and controls can be read directly from the standard curve.

7.1 Quality control

The confidence limits of the kit controls are indicated on the QC-Report.

7.2 Typical standard curve

⚠ *Example, do not use for calculation!*



8. Assay characteristics

Analytical Sensitivity (Limit of Detection)	Kynurenic acid
	2,8 nM

Analytical Specificity	Substance	Cross Reactivity (%)
		Kynurenic acid
	Quinolinic acid	<0.1
	Xanthurenic acid	<0.1
	Kynurenine	<1
	Picolinic acid	<0.1
	3Hydroxy-Anthranilic acid	<0.1

(Cross Reactivity)	Quinaldic acid	<0.1
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Intra-Assay Precision			
Serum sample	Mean (nM)	SD (nM)	CV (%)
1 (n = 8)	55	4	8
2 (n = 8)	96	9	10
3 (n = 8)	137	10	7







Linearity	Serum samples (Serial dilution up to 1:32)	Range Linearity (%)	Mean Linearity (%)
	1	76 - 100	86
	2	74 - 105	87

Recovery	Serum samples	Range Recovery (%)	Mean Recovery (%)
	1	82 - 89	86
	2	89 - 91	90

Method Comparison: ELISA vs LC-MS/MS	Serum samples	$[KYNA]_{ELISA} = 1,024 * [KYNA]_{LC-MS/MS} + 0,3704$	$R^2 = 0,9902$ N = 40
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 **For updated literature or any other information please contact your local supplier.**

Symbols:

 Storage temperature	 Manufacturer	 Contains sufficient for <n> tests
 Expiry date	LOT Batch code	RUO For research use only!
 Consult instructions for use	CONT Content	
 Caution	REF Catalogue number	